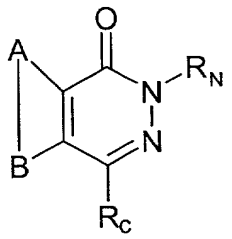
ABSTRACT

A method of treatment of a disease of the human or animal body mediated by PARP comprising administering to such a subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of formula:



or an isomer, salt, solvate, chemically protected form, and prodrug thereof, wherein:

A and B together represent an optionally substituted, fused aromatic ring;

R_C is represented by $-L-R_L$, where L is of formula:

$-(CH_2)_{n1}-Q_{n2}-(CH_2)_{n3}-$

wherein n_1, n_2 and n_3 are each selected from 0, 1, 2 and 3, the sum of n_1, n_2 and n_3 is 1, 2 or 3 and Q is selected from O, S, NH, C(=O) or $-CR_1R_2-$, where R_1 and R_2 are independently selected from hydrogen, halogen or optionally substituted C_{1-7} alkyl, or may together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a C_{3-7} cyclic alkyl group, which may be saturated (a C_{3-7} cycloalkyl group) or unsaturated (a C_{3-7} cycloalkenyl group), or one of R_1 and R_2 may be attached to an atom in R_L to form an unsaturated C_{3-7} cycloalkenyl group which comprises the carbon atoms to which R_1 and R_2 are attached in Q, $-(CH_2)_{n3}-$ (if present) and part of R_L;

and R_L is optionally substituted C_{5-20} aryl; and

R_N is selected from hydrogen, optionally substituted C_{1-7} alkyl, C_{3-20} heterocyclyl, and C_{5-20} aryl, hydroxy, ether, nitro, amino, amido, thiol, thioether, sulfoxide and sulfone.